

Progressive Science Initiative® (PSI®) PHYS6641: Learning & Teaching Algebra-Based Physics: Mechanics

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Course Credit: 3.0 NJCTL credits

Dates & Times:

This is a 3-credit, self-paced course, covering 9 modules of content. The exact number of hours that you can expect to spend on each module will vary based upon the module coursework, as well as your study style and preferences. You should plan to spend approximately 15 hours per credit working online, and up to 30 hours per credit working offline.

Graduate Student Handbook: www.njctl.org/graduate-handbook/

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

This is the first in a three-course series which, together, are designed for those who are learning to teach Algebra-Based physics for middle school or high school students, focusing on conveying physics and mathematical concepts and understandings. Underlying themes are physics connections to everyday life, applications of mathematics in physics, problem solving, and hands on laboratory experience. The course presents physics as the foundation for studying chemistry, biology and advanced mathematics. Technology serves as a tool to establish these connections through exploration, problem solving, formative assessment, presentation, and communication.

This first course is Mechanics, which is studied for the first 40% of the year. The order of the topics has been geared towards reinforcing skills in algebra and requires no trigonometry. This is accomplished by only including problems that can be simplified to one dimensional form. While vectors are introduced, they are only added and subtracted in one dimension at a time. Connections are also developed between the analysis of motion and graphical analysis, collision problems and the solving of systems of equations.

Teachers will learn core foundational concepts in mechanics topics as well as the pedagogical content knowledge needed to successfully teach introductory physics to students.

STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate an understanding of mechanics, detailed in the module learning outcomes below.
- 2. Integrate PSI materials (including presentations, labs, practice problems, etc.) to support student learning and deliver effective instruction.
- 3. Create a social constructivist learning environment through the use of formative assessment questions, interpreting the results of this assessment to effectively facilitate student-led discussions that support deeper understanding of the content.
- 4. Integrate multiple attempts to demonstrate student mastery of content knowledge, as encouraged/fostered by the PSI pedagogy.
- 5. Implement learning plans that are aligned to NGSS standards and allow for differentiation based on the needs of learners.

TEXTS, READINGS, INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES:

Required Texts:

- PSI Algebra-Based Physics uses a free digital textbook accessible at: <u>https://njctl.org/courses/science/algebra-based-physics/</u>
- Participants will download SMART Notebook presentations, homework files, labs, and teacher resources from the PSI Algebra-Based Physics Course

Recommended Texts:

The Physics Classroom - http://www.physicsclassroom.com/

HyperPhysics - http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/hframe.html

Holton, G. J., Brush, S. G., & Holton, G. J. (2001). Physics, the Human Adventure: From Copernicus to Einstein and Beyond. New Brunswick, N.J: Rutgers University Press. ISBN-13: 9780813529080

PhET (simulations) - http://phet.colorado.edu/en/simulations/category/physics

COURSE REQUIREMENTS:

In order to receive a Passing grade, the participant must complete the following course requirements:

- 1. Activities: A number of different learning activities will ensure participant engagement and learning in the course. These include:
 - Engage in video module lessons which demonstrate minimized direct instruction followed by frequent formative assessment
 - Completion of formative assessments aligned to learning objectives which include detailed analysis when answered incorrectly.

- Interaction with module discussion boards that allow conversation with peers and course instructors about the module's content, delivering that content to students. Discussion boards also serve as a place to ask and answer questions related to the module's content.
- 2. Short Answer Assignment: Each module requires one (1) original response to a given prompt. These prompts are typically based upon course lessons and require teachers to analyze, reflect, and make connections between the module's content and their own classroom practice.
- 3. Mastery Exercises: For each module, these multiple-choice question quizzes assess the content knowledge gained in a module. Participants have the opportunity to retake; random questions are pulled from a larger question bank on each attempt ensuring varied questions.
- 4. Virtual Labs: In each module, a virtual lab write-up will be submitted. Virtual Labs are interactive lab simulations that promote a deeper understanding of the content knowledge being learned through real-world applications and analysis.
- 5. Module Exam: One is completed at the end of each module. It is a culminating exam consisting of multiple choice and free response questions aligned to the standards and objectives of the module.
- 6. Reflection Paper: At the end of the course, participants are required to reflect on the knowledge taught in the course, make connections, and compare/contrast their current pedagogy with new strategies gained in this assignment.
- 7. Final Exam: At the end of the course, a comprehensive exam consisting of Multiple Choice and Free Response questions assesses the content knowledge learned throughout the course.

GRADE DISTRIBUTION AND SCALE:

Grade Distribution:

70%
10%
6%
6%
6%
2%

Grade Scale:

А	93 - 100
А-	90 - 92
	86 - 89
В	83 - 86
В-	80 - 82
C+	77 – 79

С	73 – 76
C-	70 – 72
D	60.0 - 69.9
F	59.9 or below

GRADING RUBRIC:

The following rubric is used to score:

- Short Answer Assignment 6% of grade
- Reflection Paper -2% of grade

The minimum possible score for this rubric is 4 points, and the score will be converted to the minimum grade available in this module (which is zero unless the scale is used). The maximum score 25 points will be converted to the maximum grade.

Intermediate scores will be converted respectively and rounded to the nearest available grade. If a scale is used instead of a grade, the score will be converted to the scale elements as if they were consecutive integers.

	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation	Limited Evidence
	7 points	5 points	3 points	1 point
Content	• Demonstrates excellent knowledge of concepts, skills, and theories relevant to topic.	• Demonstrates fair knowledge of concepts, skills, and theories.	• Demonstrates incomplete or insubstantial knowledge of concepts, skills, and theories.	• Demonstrates little or no knowledge of concepts, skills, and theories.
Depth of Reflection	• Content is well supported and addresses all required components of the assignment.	• Content is partially supported; addresses most of the required components of the assignment.	• Content contains major deficiencies; addresses some of the required components of the assignment.	• Content is not supported and/or includes few of the required components of the assignment.

	presented and insights gained throughout the entire course. The implications of these insights for the respondent's overall teaching practice are thoroughly detailed , as applicable.	good sentence/paragraph construction. Thoughts are expressed in a coherent and logical manner. There are no more than five spelling, grammar, or syntax errors per page of writing.	meet the requirements indicated in the instructions. Some questions or parts of the assignment are not addressed. Some attachments and additional documents, if required, are missing or unsuitable for the purpose of the assignment. 2 points	address the requirements indicated in the instructions. Many parts of the assignment are addressed minimally, inadequately, and/or not at all.
Writing Quality	• Writing is well-organized, clear, concise, and focused; no errors.	• Some minor errors or omissions in writing organization, focus, and clarity.	 Some significant errors or omissions in writing organization, focus, 	• Numerous errors in writing organization, focus, and/or clarity.

The following rubric is used to score:

• Labs – 6% of grade

The minimum possible score for this rubric is 2 points, and the score will be converted to the minimum grade available in this module (which is zero unless the scale is used). The maximum score of 14 points will be converted to the maximum grade.

Intermediate scores will be converted respectively and rounded to the nearest available grade. If a scale is used instead of a grade, the score will be converted to the scale elements as if they were consecutive integers.

	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation	Limited Evidence
	7 points	5 points	3 points	1 point
Completeness	• Lab write-up is complete with no missing fields.	• Lab write-up has 1-2 missing fields.	• Lab write up has 3-5 missing fields.	• There are more than 5 missing fields on the lab write-up.

Calculations	• All answers are calculated correctly.	• Most answers are calculated correctly, but there are 1-2 minor calculation errors.	• Most answers are calculated correctly, but there are multiple minor calculation errors, or 1-2 gross miscalculations.	• There are calculation errors throughout the lab.
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The remaining types of assignments are not scored using a rubric. These assignments are scored using percentage correct to assign a letter grade. The assignments in this manner are as follows:

- Mastery Exercises 6% of grade
- Module Exams 70% of grade
- Final Exam 10% of grade

Mastery Exercises can be retaken as many times as desired to ensure a high score. Due to the nature of these assignments, each time they are taken, they will be composed of unique questions pulled randomly from a larger question bank.

Module and Final Exams are scored using a curve, which allows us to keep content exams rigorous. Module Exams can be retaken one time. Final Exams cannot be retaken.

ACADEMIC STANDING:

NJCTL has established standards for academic good standing within a student's academic program. Students enrolled in any NJCTL online course must receive an 80 or higher to successfully complete a course and receive credit for that course. An 80 is equivalent to a GPA of 2.7 or B-. Additionally, students in an endorsement program must receive a cumulative GPA of 3.0 for all courses combined in order to successfully complete the program.

ACADEMIC INTEGRITY:

Students must assume responsibility for maintaining honesty in all work submitted for credit and in any other work designated by the instructor of the course. Academic dishonesty includes cheating, fabrication, facilitating academic dishonesty, plagiarism, reusing /repurposing your own work, unauthorized possession of academic materials, and unauthorized collaboration.

CITING SOURCES WITH APA STYLE:

All students are expected to follow proper writing and APA requirements when citing in APA (based on the APA Style Manual, 6th edition) for all assignments.

DISABILITY SERVICES STATEMENT:

We are committed to providing reasonable accommodations for all persons with disabilities. Any student with a documented disability requesting academic accommodations should contact the Dean of Students, Melissa Axelsson, for additional information to coordinate reasonable accommodations for students with documented disabilities (melissa@njctl.org).

NETIQUETTE:

Respect the diversity of opinions among the instructor and classmates and engage with them in a courteous, respectful, and professional manner. All posts and classroom communication must be conducted in accordance with the student code of conduct. Think before you push the Send button. Did you say just what you meant? How will the person on the other end read the words?

Maintain an environment free of harassment, stalking, threats, abuse, insults or humiliation toward the instructor and classmates. This includes, but is not limited to, demeaning written or oral comments of an ethnic, religious, age, disability, sexist (or sexual orientation), or racist nature; and the unwanted sexual advances or intimidations by email, or on discussion boards and other postings within or connected to the online classroom.

If you have concerns about something that has been said, please let your instructor know.

CLASS SCHEDULE:

Module	Module Learning Outcomes	Assignments
0 - Algebra Review	• Review algebra topics, as needed.	Discussion Board
1- Intro to Kinematics	 Understand the special case of motion with constant acceleration. Understand the relationship among words, equations and graphs for motion in one dimension. Analyze experimental data describing the motion of an object and express the results of the analysis using narrative, mathematical, and graphical representations. Differentiate between vector and scalar quantities. 	 Short Answer Lab Mastery Exercises
2 – Kinematics Graphical Analysis	• Analyze graphs related to kinematics.	Short AnswerMastery ExercisesModule Exam
3 – Intro to Dynamics	 Represent forces in diagrams or mathematically using appropriately labeled vectors with magnitude, direction, and units during the analysis of a situation. Analyze a scenario and make claims (develop arguments, justify assertions) about the forces exerted on an object by other objects for different types of forces or components of forces. Challenge a claim that an object can 	 Short Answer Lab Mastery Exercises

	exert a force on itself.	
	 Describe a force as an interaction between two objects and identify both objects for any force. Design a plan to collect and analyze data for motion (static, constant, or accelerating) from force measurements and carry out an analysis to determine the relationship between the net force and the vector sum of the individual forces. Convert a free-body diagram representation into a mathematical representation and solve the mathematical representation for the acceleration of the object. 	Chart A
4 - Dynamics Problem Solving	• Solve complex problems involving dynamics.	Short AnswerMastery ExercisesModule Exam
5 – Uniform Circular Motion	 Relate the radius of the circle and the speed or rate of revolution of the particle to the magnitude of the centripetal acceleration. Describe the direction of a particle's velocity and acceleration at any instant during the motion. Analyze situations in which an object moves with specified acceleration under the influence of one or more forces to determine the magnitude and direction of the net force or of one of the forces that makes up the net force. 	 Short Answer Lab Mastery Exercises
6 - Universal Gravitation	 Apply F=mg to calculate the gravitational force on an object with mass m in a gravitational field of strength g in the context of the effects of a net force on objects and systems. Approximate a numerical value of the gravitational field (g) near the surface of an object from its radius and mass relative to those of the Earth or other reference objects. 	 Short Answer Mastery Exercises Module Exam
7 - Energy	 Use force and velocity vectors to determine qualitatively or quantitatively the net force exerted on an object and qualitatively whether kinetic energy of that object would increase, decrease, or remain unchanged. Apply mathematical routines to determine the change in kinetic energy of an object given the forces on the object and the displacement of the object. Make predictions about the changes in the mechanical energy of a system when a component of an external force acts parallel or antiparallel to the direction of the displacement 	 Short Answer Lab Mastery Exercises Module Exam

	 of the center of mass. Apply the concepts of Conservation of Energy and the Work-Energy theorem to determine qualitatively and/or quantitatively that work done on a two-object system in linear motion will change the kinetic energy of the center of mass of the system, the potential energy of the systems, and/or the internal energy of the system. 	
8 - Momentum	 Justify the selection of data needed to determine the relationship between the direction of the force acting on an object and the change in momentum caused by that force. Justify the selection of routines for the calculation of the relationships between changes in momentum of an object, average force, impulse, and time of interaction. Predict and calculate the change in momentum of an object from the average force exerted on the object and the interval of time during which the force is exerted. Analyze data to characterize the change in momentum of an object from the average force exerted on the object and the interval of time during which the force is exerted. 	 Short Answer Lab Mastery Exercises Module Exam
9 – Final Exam	Review topics as desired (recommended)Zoom meeting with instructor	Discussion BoardReflection PaperFinal Exam